Our plants

Plant only prices:

Minimum order of 250 plants

Standard Grades available in:

Trays of 28: 500mm+ tall \$2.50+GST

Trays of 40: 400mm+ tall \$2+GST

Special Grades: 1L pot \$5.50+GST

Delivery available for orders over 500 plants – Ask us for a quote!

Supply, deliver, pre-spray & plant:

40 cell from \$4+GST

Standard 28 cell from \$5+GST

Special Grades from \$8+GST

Release spray from 60¢+GST each

Standard Grades: Where to plant Plant name Why to plant Height Drier areas although it Akeake Fast establishing, vibrant colour. Bee food. 5-8m (Dodonaea viscosa) does well in rich soils. Excellent soil stabiliser and quick to Wet areas through to dry Cabbage tree establish. The berries are a favourite of Tūī, 6-8m (Cordyline australis) hillsides. Versatile. Kererū and Wax-eyes. Wetlands, stream and Up to Carex geminata Erosion control, water filtration. (Carex geminata) pond edges. 1m Wetlands, stream and Up to Carex secta Erosion control, water filtration. 1.5m (Carex secta) pond edges. Wetlands, stream and Up to Carex virgata Erosion control, water filtration. (Carex virgata) pond edges. 1m Birds love feeding on the nectar of flax Up to Harakeke/Swamp flax Wetlands and pond edges. (Phormium tenax) flowers and they thrive in wet areas. 3m Well drained soil. Thrives Hebe on hillsides and doesn't Excellent for biodiversity and bees. 2m (Hebe stricta/Veronica stricta) like wet feet. Well drained soils. Thrives Fast coloniser and because it grows so on dry hillsides but also large it also plays an important role as Up to Kānuka (Kunzea ericoides) does well in fertile areas 10m shelter for emergent tree species coming but not wet. through. Can tolerate some dry Grows fast and has abundant orange Up to Karamū and wet but prefers well berries in autumn which are devoured by (Coprosma robusta) 5m drained soils. Tūī, Kererū and Wax-eyes. Establishes fast and is hardy. Is great as a Can tolerate some dry Up to Kohuhu/Pittosporum and wet but prefers well hedging plant. Provides excellent shelter (Pittosporum tenuifolium) 10m drained soils. for emergent tree species. Can tolerate some dry Quick to establish and flowers profusely Up to Lacebark and wet but prefers well (Hoheria sexstylosa/populnea) for bees and insects. 6m drained soils. Establishes fast and is hardy. Is great as a Can tolerate some dry Up to Lemonwood and wet but prefers well hedging plant. Provides excellent shelter (Pittosporum eugenioides) 10m drained soils. for emergent tree species.

We can come to your farm and tailor a plan so you get the right tree for the right place.



Restore Native

Trees for the land, birds and the people

Standard Grades:				
Plant name	Where to plant	Why to plant	Height	
Mahoe (Melicytus ramiflorus)	Can tolerate some dry and wet but is happy in damper soils. Does well in shade.	Is an important fruiter and food source for Tūī, Kererū and Wax-eyes in summer breeding season.	Up to 7m	
Mānuka (Leptospermum scoparium)	Anywhere! Manuka thrives in anything from wet to dry. The most versatile native of all.	Fast establishing. Very hardy. Provides excellent shelter for emerging tree species. Flowers profusely for bees and honey production.	5-8m	
Mountain flax (Phormium cookianum)	Medium to drier areas away from swamps.	Birds love the flax flowers which emerge in mid spring.	Up to 4m	
Ribbonwood (Plagianthus regius)	Does well in any medium to damp soil. Thrives on the margin of wetlands.	Grows very fast. Kererū feed on the leaves in winter.	Up to 10m	
Tree lucerne (Chamaecytisus palmensis)	Grows well anywhere but struggles to persist in wet areas.	Fast growing. Kererū feed on the leaves and Tūī/Bell bird on the flowers which emerge in late winter when other food is scarce.	Up to 8m	
Wineberry (Aristotelia serrata)	Does well in any medium to damp soil. Thrives on the margin of wetlands.	Fast growing and fruits prolifically so ticks the boxes as a must have for re-vegetation planting.	Up to 10m	

Special Grades:				
Kahikatea (Dacrycarpus dacrydioides)	Wet areas, riparian zones, low-lying sites.	Long lived tree. Tallest tree in NZ. Important swamp tree and fruits prolifically in autumn so is a great food source for Tūī and Kererū.	Up to 60m	
Kōwhai (Sophora Tetraptra or Microphylla)	Tolerates most soil types. Naturally occurs on stream and pond margins.	Best known for it's wonderful yellow flowers which signal the start of spring.	Up to 12m	
Rewarewa (Knightia excelsa)	Forest margins, lowland to subalpine areas.	Provides nectar for birds and bees, attracts insects. Grows fast and emerges through re-vegetation planting well.	Up to 25m	
Tītoki (Alectryon excelsus)	Forest margins, stream banks, lowland to subalpine areas.	A prolific fruiter which is often the first of the larger forest trees. Is long lived and important for biodiversity.	Up to 20m	
Totara (Podocarpus totara)	Adaptable from dry hillsides to wetlands.	Fruits in late summer and is an important food source. Is a very strong and fast growing native timber.	Up to 30m	



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